
NHDSPy Documentation

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nhdsipy is a Python wrapper for NHDS, a numerical plasma dispersion relation solver written in Fortran.

CHAPTER 1

Installing

To install nhdsby, download the code from <https://github.com/dstansby/nhdsby> Then change into the source directory and run:

```
pip install nhdsby
```

To run nhdsby you will need the following requirements:

- gfortran
- hdf5
- libz
- szip

Running nhdsby will automatically try to compile the bundled FORTRAN code. The following environment variables must point to their respective libraries:

- HDF5
- LIBZ
- LIBSZ

CHAPTER 2

Examples

```
import nhdspy
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

electrons = nhdspy.Species(-1, 1 / 1836, 1, 0, 1, 1)
protons = nhdspy.Species(1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1)
propagation_angle = 0.001
input = nhdspy.InputParams([protons, electrons], propagation_angle, 1e-4)
print(nhdspy.format_input_file(input))
output = nhdspy.run(input)

fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.plot(output.kz, output.omega_real)
ax.plot(output.kz, output.omega_imag)
plt.show()
```


3.1 Functions

<i>format_input_file</i> (input)	Function to create input file.
<i>run</i> (input)	Run the dispersion solver for a given input.

3.1.1 format_input_file

nhdsby.**format_input_file** (*input*)
Function to create input file.

Parameters

input [InputParams]

3.1.2 run

nhdsby.**run** (*input*)
Run the dispersion solver for a given input.

Parameters

input [InputParams]

3.2 Classes

<i>InputParams</i> (species, omega_guess, ...[, ...])	Input parameters for calculating a dispersion relation.
<i>Result</i> (input, run_output)	Result of running the dispersion solver.
<i>Species</i> (q, m, n, v_d, t_anl, beta_par)	A single bi-Maxwellian species.

3.2.1 InputParams

```
class nhdspy.InputParams (species, omega_guess, propagation_angle, va, kzmin, kzmax,  
                           kzsteps=200, numiter=1000, det_D_threshold=1e-16, n_bessel=1000,  
                           bessel_zero=1e-50, vxsteps=100, vysteps=100, vzsteps=100)
```

Bases: object

Input parameters for calculating a dispersion relation.

Parameters

species [list of *Species*] List of the particle species for which to calculate the dispersion. **Note** that the order of the species matters, as some of the parameters below are defined relative to the first species in the *species* list.

omega_guess [complex] Initial guess for the frequency, normalised to the gyro frequency of the first species.

propagation_angle [float] Propagation angle to calculate dispersion relation for. Defined with respect to the magnetic field.

va [float] Ratio of the Alfvén speed to the speed of light. The number density in the Alfvén speed is taken from the first species.

kzmin [float] Start of kz range.

kzmax [float] End of kz range.

Other Parameters

kzsteps [int, optional] Number of steps in kz to calculate dispersion relation at. Points are linearly spaced between *kzmin* and *kzmax*.

numiter [int, optional] Maximum number of iterations in the Newton method

det_D_threshold [float, optional] Threshold for the determinant of the dispersion tensor. If $\det D \leq \det_D_threshold$, the Newton iteration will be stopped.

n_bessel [int, optional] Maximum of sum in Bessel functions (both regular and modified). Can be very low (e.g., 3) for quasi-parallel propagation.

bessel_zero [float, optional] If I_n is less than this value, higher n are neglected.

vxsteps, vysteps, vzsteps [int, optional] Steps in the x,y,z directions.

Attributes

nspecies Number of species.

total_charge Total charge density.

total_current Total current density. Result is normalised to the first species' charge, number density, and the Alfvén speed.

Attributes Summary

<i>nspecies</i>	Number of species.
<i>total_charge</i>	Total charge density.
<i>total_current</i>	Total current density. Result is normalised to the first species' charge, number density, and the Alfvén speed.

Attributes Documentation

nspecies

Number of species.

total_charge

Total charge density. Result is normalised to the first species' charge and number density.

total_current

Total current density. Result is normalised to the first species' charge, number density, and the Alfvén speed.

3.2.2 Result

class `nhds.py.Result` (*input, run_output*)

Bases: `object`

Result of running the dispersion solver.

Attributes

EyEx The electric field component ratio E_y/E_x .

EzEx The electric field component ratio E_z/E_x .

kz Wave vector normalised to the proton inertial length (kd_p).

omega_imag Imaginary part of frequency normalised to the proton gyro-frequency (γ/Ω_p).

omega_real Real part of frequency normalised to the proton gyro-frequency (ω/Ω_p).

Attributes Summary

<i>EyEx</i>	The electric field component ratio E_y/E_x .
<i>EzEx</i>	The electric field component ratio E_z/E_x .
<i>kz</i>	Wave vector normalised to the proton inertial length (kd_p).
<i>omega_imag</i>	Imaginary part of frequency normalised to the proton gyro-frequency (γ/Ω_p).
<i>omega_real</i>	Real part of frequency normalised to the proton gyro-frequency (ω/Ω_p).

Attributes Documentation

EyEx

The electric field component ratio E_y/E_x . Returned as complex numbers.

EzEx

The electric field component ratio E_z/E_x . Returned as complex numbers.

kz

Wave vector normalised to the proton inertial length (kd_p).

omega_imag

Imaginary part of frequency normalised to the proton gyro-frequency (γ/Ω_p).

omega_real

Real part of frequency normalised to the proton gyro-frequency (ω/Ω_p).

3.2.3 Species

class `nhdspy.Species` (*q, m, n, v_d, t_ani, beta_par*)

Bases: `object`

A single bi-Maxwellian species.

Parameters

q [float] Particle charge, in units of proton charge. e.g. for a proton enter 1, for an electron enter -1.

m [float] Particle mass, in units of proton mass. e.g. for a proton enter 1.

n [float] Number density, relative to the number density used to define the Alfvén speed.

v_d [float] Drift speed as a fraction of the Alfvén speed.

t_ani [float] Temperature anisotropy (perpendicular temperature divided by parallel temperature).

beta_par [float] Parallel beta (thermal pressure divided by magnetic pressure).

CHAPTER 4

Indices and tables

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